

Year 6 – History- Spring Martin Luther King Jr - 1963

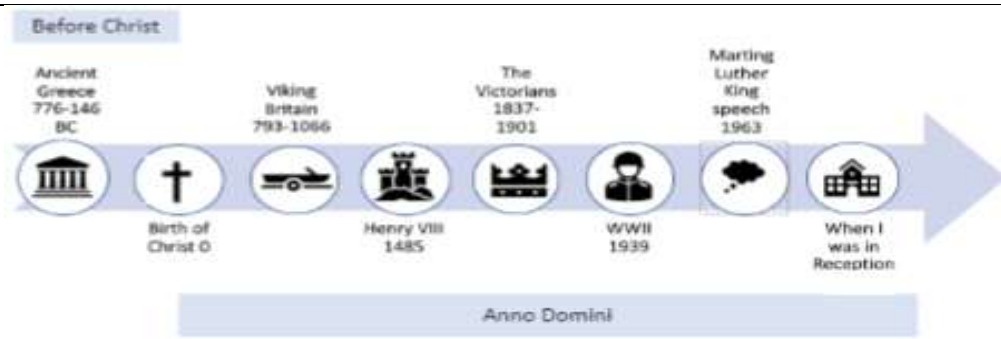
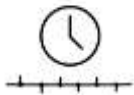
Revolution



Thinking like a Historian

Similarities and differences	Historical Significance	Continuity and Change	Cause	Sources and Evidence	Consequence	Historical Interpretation

Chronology



What I already know	Essential Knowledge
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ -The Industrial Revolution, which took place between 1750 - 1900, was a period of great change in Britain. ◆ There were huge technological advances which had an impact on every aspect of life. ◆ -1913- Rosa Parks is born in Alabama, USA. ◆ 1st December 1955 Rosa Parks was told to give up her seat on a bus for a white person—she said no ◆ 5th December 1955 Rosa Parks was arrested for breaking the law and was found guilty ◆ December 1955—December 1956 The bus boycott took place to show support for Rosa Parks. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Martin Luther King Jr was born in 1929. ● In 1955 he joins the bus boycott after Rosa Parks refused to give up her seat. ● Delivered his iconic 'I have a dream,' speech in 1963 ● Awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for civil right in 1965. ● Was assassinated in 1968. ● Understand that different versions of the past may exist and give reasons why. ● Compare accounts of events from different sources. ● Select relevant sections of historical information to answer a question.

Vocabulary

Protest	Express an objection to something which is happening	Bus boycott	Black people in America, refused to take the bus to work, school or the shops
Nobel Peace Prize	An award given to people who have made a significant contribution to world peace.	Civil right	Equal opportunities for everyone

Discrimination	The poor treatment of someone due to their race, age, sex or disability. This is from the Latin word 'discriminationem' which means to divide.	Segregation	Placing people apart from others
Assassination	To murder for a political reason		

